create database music\_database;

use music\_database;

select \* from track;

-- Q1) Who is the senior most employee based on the job title?

create view Senior\_most\_employee as # created a view

select \* from employee

order by levels desc

limit 1;

select \* from Senior\_most\_employee;

-- Q2: Which countries have the most Invoices?

create view most\_country\_invoice as

select count(\*) as c, billing\_country

from invoice

group by billing\_country

order by c desc;

select \* from most\_country\_invoice;

-- Q3: What are top 3 values of total invoice?

select \* from invoice; # just to see the table

create view Top\_3\_total\_invioce as

select total from invoice

order by total desc

limit 3;

select \* from Top\_3\_total\_invioce;

-- Q4: Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city we made the most money.

-- Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals.

-- Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals (All 3 rows are a single query)

-- Hint - check in invoice table --

create view Best\_city\_total\_invoice as

select sum(total) as invoice\_total, billing\_city

from invoice

group by billing\_city order by invoice\_total desc

limit 1;

select \* from Best\_city\_total\_invoice;

-- Q5: Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer.

-- Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money

# Hint is check customer table

SELECT customer.customer\_id, first\_name, last\_name, SUM(total) AS total\_spending

FROM customer

JOIN invoice ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id

GROUP BY customer.customer\_id

ORDER BY total\_spending DESC

LIMIT 1;

SET sql\_mode=(SELECT REPLACE(@@sql\_mode,'ONLY\_FULL\_GROUP\_BY',''));

/\* Question Set 2 - Moderate \*/

/\* Q1: Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners.

Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A. \*/

SELECT DISTINCT email,first\_name, last\_name

FROM customer

JOIN invoice ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id

JOIN invoice\_line ON invoice.invoice\_id = invoice\_line.invoice\_id

WHERE track\_id IN(

SELECT track\_id FROM track

JOIN genre ON track.genre\_id = genre.genre\_id

WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'

)

ORDER BY email;

/\* Q2: Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset.

Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands. \*/

SELECT artist.artist\_id, artist.name,COUNT(artist.artist\_id) AS number\_of\_songs

FROM track

JOIN album ON album.album\_id = track.album\_id

JOIN artist ON artist.artist\_id = album.artist\_id

JOIN genre ON genre.genre\_id = track.genre\_id

WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'

GROUP BY artist.artist\_id

ORDER BY number\_of\_songs DESC

LIMIT 10;

/\* Q3: Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length.

Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first. \*/

SELECT name, milliseconds

FROM track

WHERE milliseconds > (

SELECT AVG(milliseconds) AS avg\_track\_length

FROM track )

ORDER BY milliseconds DESC;

/\* Question Set 3 - Advance \*/

/\* Q1: Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent \*/

/\* Steps to Solve: First, find which artist has earned the most according to the InvoiceLines. Now use this artist to find

which customer spent the most on this artist. For this query, you will need to use the Invoice, InvoiceLine, Track, Customer,

Album, and Artist tables. Note, this one is tricky because the Total spent in the Invoice table might not be on a single product,

so you need to use the InvoiceLine table to find out how many of each product was purchased, and then multiply this by the price

for each artist. \*/

WITH best\_selling\_artist AS (

SELECT artist.artist\_id AS artist\_id, artist.name AS artist\_name, SUM(invoice\_line.unit\_price\*invoice\_line.quantity) AS total\_sales

FROM invoice\_line

JOIN track ON track.track\_id = invoice\_line.track\_id

JOIN album ON album.album\_id = track.album\_id

JOIN artist ON artist.artist\_id = album.artist\_id

GROUP BY 1

ORDER BY 3 DESC

LIMIT 1

)

SELECT c.customer\_id, c.first\_name, c.last\_name, bsa.artist\_name, SUM(il.unit\_price\*il.quantity) AS amount\_spent

FROM invoice i

JOIN customer c ON c.customer\_id = i.customer\_id

JOIN invoice\_line il ON il.invoice\_id = i.invoice\_id

JOIN track t ON t.track\_id = il.track\_id

JOIN album alb ON alb.album\_id = t.album\_id

JOIN best\_selling\_artist bsa ON bsa.artist\_id = alb.artist\_id

GROUP BY 1,2,3,4

ORDER BY 5 DESC;

/\* Q2: We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre

with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where

the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres. \*/

WITH popular\_genre AS

(

SELECT COUNT(invoice\_line.quantity) AS purchases, customer.country, genre.name, genre.genre\_id,

ROW\_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY COUNT(invoice\_line.quantity) DESC) AS RowNo

FROM invoice\_line

JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice\_id = invoice\_line.invoice\_id

JOIN customer ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id

JOIN track ON track.track\_id = invoice\_line.track\_id

JOIN genre ON genre.genre\_id = track.genre\_id

GROUP BY 2,3,4

ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC

)

SELECT \* FROM popular\_genre WHERE RowNo <= 1

/\* Q3: Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country.

Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent.

For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount. \*/

WITH Customter\_with\_country AS (

SELECT customer.customer\_id,first\_name,last\_name,billing\_country,SUM(total) AS total\_spending,

ROW\_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY billing\_country ORDER BY SUM(total) DESC) AS RowNo

FROM invoice

JOIN customer ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id

GROUP BY 1,2,3,4

ORDER BY 4 ASC,5 DESC)

SELECT \* FROM Customter\_with\_country WHERE RowNo <= 1